

16th EURADOS webinar: Intercomparison IC2021area of passive area dosimetry systems – a review by organizers and participants

Introduction



Arturo Vargas WG3 (Environmental Dosimetry) - chair

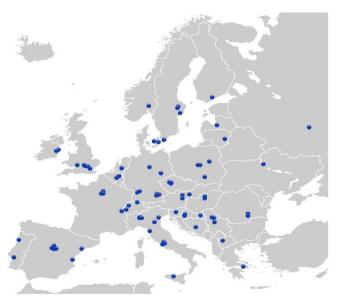
Associate Members

More than 600 active scientists contributing to the overall EURADOS objectives

• Eight EURADOS Working Groups + 1 pilot group

WG2 - Harmonization of Individual Monitoring (M.-A. Chevallier, France.)

- WG3 Environmental Dosimetry (A. Vargas, Spain)
- WG6 Computational Dosimetry (H. Rabus, Germany)
- WG7 Internal Dosimetry (B. Breustedt, Germany)
- WG9 Radiation Dosimetry in Radiotherapy (L. Stolarczyk, Denmark)
- WG10 Retrospective Dosimetry (L. Ainsbury, U.K.)
- WG11 High-Energy Dosimetry (M. Caresana, Italy)
- WG12 Dosimetry in Medical Imaging (Ž. Knežević, Croatia)
- Pilot group dosimetry in Nuclear Medicine (W. Li, Germany)



2



Activities of EURADOS:

- coordination of working groups, which
 - promote technical development and its implementation in routine work
 - contribute to harmonization within Europe
 - perform scientific research
- organization of intercomparisons and bench mark studies
- organization of scientific meetings and conferences, training activities, winter schools, webinars
- organization of Annual Meeting (>300 participants)

WG3 is divided in 3 subgroups

Subgroup WG3-S1 "Spectrometry systems for Environmental dosimetry –early warning networks" (U. Stöhlker). Creation 2012

- WP1. "Methods for calculation of H*(10) of spectroscopy monitors".
- WP 2. "Tools for spectrum analysis including energy re-calibration".
- WP3. "Harmonization of dose rate monitors and spectroscopy detectors including uncertainties".
- WP4. "Development or airborne spectrometric detectors for UAV-based systems including calibration procedures and comparison exercises". (webinar was in September 2021)

Subgroup WG3-S2 "Passive Environmental dosimetry" (C. Naber) Creation 2014

Two main tasks:

• Task1. "Current status of the passive dosimetry systems used in European countries -Questionnaire ".

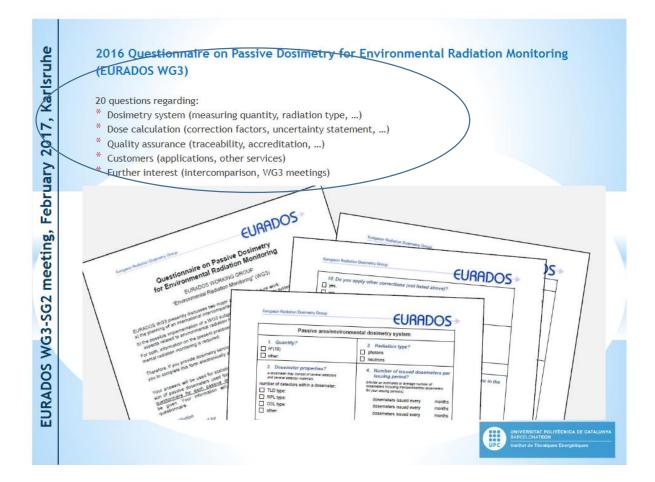
Task 2. "Organization of comparisons".

Subgroup WG3-S3 "Radon" (A. Röttger). Creation 2018



Subgroup WG3-S2 "questionnaires"

Two questionnaires have been carried out during 2013-2017.



Analysis of the questionnaires comparison between both have been carried out

Maria A. Duch

Senior researcher and Head of the Radiological Protection Service of the Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya (UPC)



Passive area dosimetry systems used in European countries EURADOS report "Overview of passive area dosimetry systems used in European countries".



5th EURADOS webinar: Dosimetry for workplace and environmental radiation monitoring. 9th June 2021

The webinar provided an overview on the situation of passive dosimetry systems used for environmental radiation monitoring in Europe, covering the majority of the European countries.

Subgroup WG3-S2 "History of comparisons"

- 1st comparison: 2 years (from autumn 2005 until autumn 2007): PTB in cooperation with the German Swiss Radiation Protection Association. 14 systems of 10 participants.
- 2nd comparison (PTB): 6 month (from autumn 2011 until spring 2012). 20 systems of 12 participants
- 1st EURADOS comparison: 6 month (May 2014 until Oct. 2014) ICEnv2014

32 systems of 30 participants (510 exposed dosemeters)



EURADOS intercomparison of passive $H^*(10)$ area dosemeters 2014

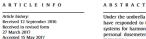
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Harald Dombrowski $^a,^*,$ Maria A. Duch b, Christian Hranitzky c, Philip Kleinau d, Stefan Neumaier a, Mária Ranogajec-Komor c, Rafael Rodriguez f

⁴ Physikaikovi-Technische Bundesanstalt (PTB), Bundesaller 100, 3816 Braunschweig, Ger birdwerstat Politerine de Cadalunge, Jagonal 647, 60828 est ⁵ seiberstaf Jahor Canht, 2444 seiberstaf, Austria ⁸ leibenholz Zarmun Minchen, Otto Hallen-Bing 6, 81739 Manich, Cermany ⁸ Bader Baktowic Institute, Björnicka 54, 10000 Azgerb, Croatia ⁸ Lader Baktowic Complemente 40, 23040 Madud, Spain ⁸ Elder R. Jamei Complemente 40, 23040 Madud, Spain

HIGHLIGHTS

In an intercomparison, the performance of 32 passive area dosimetry systems was tested under real environmental conditions.
 In dosemeters were exposed at dosimetry reference sites of PTN, while independent P(10) reference values were established.
 In ersopnes of the systems to terrestrial as well as to scondary comit radiation was measured.
 The results provide information on the accuracy of typical passive area dose measurements in Europe.
 Deviations of the aboulted dose values of different systems from each other are partly caused by the dissimilar response to cosmic radiation.



Under the umbrella of the European Radiation Desimetry Group (EURADOS), different working groups have responded to the requests of isomotioning services in Europe for independent tests of downerry systems for barronoization and quality assurace. After baving performed regular intercomparisons of personal doscenerse; BURMOS Working Group 3, Environmental Downerry, reprimate the first EURADOS intercomparison for passive ambient dose equivalent, abbreviated IP(10), area dosemeters



Subgroup WG3-S2 "History of comparisons"

Comparison carried out in the framework of European EURAMET project **Preparedness**, which includes partners from EURADOS-WG3

38 systems of 34 participants (760 exposed dosemeters) 6-monts measurement period October 2017- April 2018

PTB facilities for:

- Determination of the terrestrial response;
- 2. Determination of the cosmic response;
- Direct measurement of the transport dose (storage of dosemeters at lowlevel);
- Irradiation in primary PTB photon fields at 2 angles (0° and 90°)

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PUBLISHED BY IOP PUBLISHING FOR SISSA MEDIALAB

RECEIVED: August 15, 2019 ACCEPTED: September 17, 2019 PUBLISHED: October 8, 2019

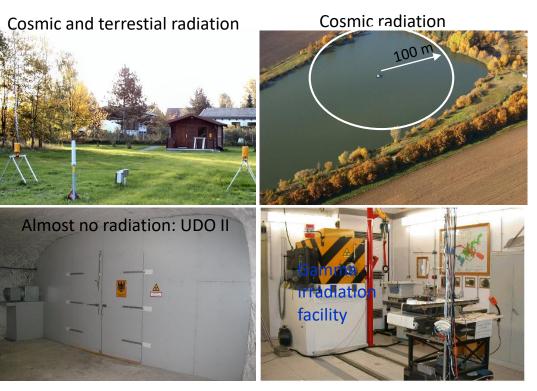
Preparedness intercomparison of passive $H^*(10)$ area photon dosemeters in 2017/2018 (IC2017prep)

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ABSTRACT: This intercomparison serves to investigate the long-term behaviour of passive $H^{*}(10)$ dosemeters which may be used in the aftermath of a radiological or nuclear event. In routine operation, such dosemeters are generally used to monitor installations like nuclear power plants and accelerators. Such dosemeters are used in the radiation field of the natural ambient radiation, including terrestrial and secondary cosmic radiation. From October 2017 to April 2018, photon dosemeters of 38 dosimetry systems were exposed to ionising radiation at three dosimetric reference sites which are operated by the Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt (PTB). In addition to measurements which were carried out under natural conditions, a number of dosemeters was also



Subgroup WG3-S2 "history of comparison of calibration methods" (ICXXXXcalm comparisons)

Basic Methodology

• Every laboratory participant irradiates at their facility the KIT area dosemeters

H*(10) dosimetry system of KIT



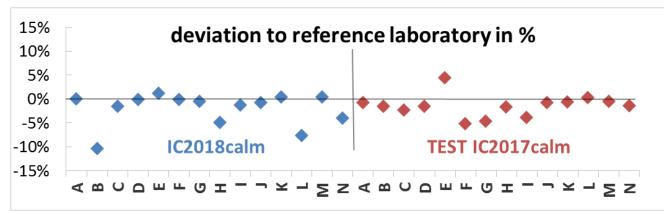
Reference lab: PTB (10 dosemeters irradiated)

H*(10) laboratory irradiation examples(5 dosemeteres irradiated + 5 transport)





 Similar intercomparison IC2017calm (15 participants) and IC2018calm (14 participants)





Subgroup WG3-S2 "IC2021area"

EURADOS comparison organized by KIT carried out between May 2021 and April 2022

66 participating passive *H**(10) area dosimetry systems from 47 different institutes and monitoring services including EU countries, non-EU European countries (Switzerland and Serbia) and non-European countries (Argentina, Canada, Japan and Marocco).

The challenge of this comparison was measuring additionally irradiated low dose radiation at detectors exposed at environmental conditions





Subgroup WG3-S2 "IC2021area"



Introduction and Overview of the Intercomparison
 IC2021area - Julia Aslan (KIT). Head of the dosimetry laboratory at
 the division for safety and environment (SUM) of the (KIT), Germany



 Results and measurement uncertainty of the CIEMAT TLD system in the IC2021area intercomparison - Rafael Rodríguez Jiménez (CIEMAT). Head of research service of the Ionizing Radiation Dosimetry Unit of CIEMAT, Spain



 Feedback and Conclusions of the Intercomparison IC2021area - Christian Hranitzky. Head of the Dosimetry Laboratory Seibersdorf of the Seibersdorf Labor GmbH, Austria



Moderator- Christian Naber (KIT). Head of department "Dosimetry laboratories" at Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, KIT, Germany.



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DO NOT FORGET TO

WRITE YOUR QUESTIONS IN THE CHAT. THE MODERATORS WILL ASK THEM TO THE SPEAKERS AT THE END OF THE PRESENTATIONS